

# **COLLEGE OF BUSINESS, PEACE, LEADERSHIP AND GOVERNANCE**

# **NCSC 103: CALCULUS**

# END OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

## **NOVEMBER 2022**

LECTURER: MR A.C MUZENDA

DURATION: 3 HOURS

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answer all Questions in Section A and **any three questions from Section B** Total possible mark is 100

Start each question on a new page in your answer Booklet.

The marks allocated to **each** question are shown at the end of the section.

Credit will be awarded for logical, systematic and neat presentation.

Calculators can be used

# SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS QUESTION 1

a. Discuss and evaluate the methods of evaluating limits. [10 marks]

b. A cup of coffee is initially 170 degrees Fahrenheit and is left in a room with ambient temperature 70 degrees Fahrenheit. Suppose that when the coffee is first placed in the room, it is cooling at a rate of 20 degrees per minute. Assuming Newton's law of cooling applies, how long does it take for the coffee to cool to 110 degrees? [10 marks]

c. Find the derivatives for;

$$x^4 + x^2y^3 - y^5 = 2x + 1$$
 [5 marks]

d. Evaluate  $\int x \cos x \, dx$  [5 marks]

e. Evaluate the following limits. Show your work

i.  $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{2 - \sqrt{3 + x}}{x - 1}$  [5 marks]

ii. 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{3x}}{\cos(3x)}$$
 [5 marks]

#### **SECTION B**

#### Answer any three questions

#### **QUESTION 2**

a. Find dy/dx in terms of t for:  $x = te^{-2t}$  and  $y = t+t^3$  and then find the slope of the curve defined by  $x=te^{-2t}$  and  $y = t + t^3$  at point ( $e^{-2}$ , 2). [10 marks]

b. Evaluate

$\int x^2 e^{ix^2} dx$	[6 marks]
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c. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

$$y = \frac{x+5}{x-3}$$
 [4 marks]

#### **QUESTION 3**

a) Solve the (separable) differential equations

i. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2y - 4y}{x + 2}$$
 [5 marks]

b. Find the area under the curve  $y = 5 - 2x^2$  from x = 0 to x = 1. [5 marks]

c. Discuss using examples circumstances where you can use the substitution method and integration by parts during integration. [10 marks]

### **QUESTION 4**

a. Prove that 
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \ln \sin x \, dx = -\frac{\pi}{2} \ln 2$$
 [8 marks]

b. Find the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1}$$
 [5 marks]

c. Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2$  on the closed interval (-1, 1). [7 marks]

# **QUESTION 5**

a.  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x e^{x} \cos x - \tan x}{x^{2}}$  (Use the Hospital's Rule (LHR) [10 marks] b. How many inflection points does the curve  $y = 4x^{5} - 5x^{4} - 12$  have? [6 marks] c. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\sqrt{x^{3} + 8}}{2x + 1}$  [4 marks]

THE END