

COLLEGE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES, THEOLOGY, HUMANITIES AND EDUCATION INSTITUTE OF THEOLOGY AND RELIGIOUS STUDIES

NTEV200 ETHICS AND CHRISTIAN VALUES END OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS AUG-NOV, 2020

LECTURER: DR. N. CHIKWANHA AND REV. N. BONDO
DURATION: 24 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Do not write your name on the answer sheet.
- 2. Answer **ONE** question.
- 3. Marks for each question are indicated.
- 4. Credit is given for neat, well written and lucid work.

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1. Answer either a) or b)

a) Assume Peter is an old married prominent politician and wealthy businessperson who is living with HIV and Aids. Peter is having an intimate same-sex affair with John. John is an unemployed Christian young man who graduated from a local tertiary institution five years ago. John stays in the Capital City where the cost of living is very high. In turn, Peter is paying John's rentals as well as providing him with the other necessities.

Assess Peter's moral behaviour shown above using any **Five (5)** of the following ethical theories:

i. Kantianis m	[20]
ii. Virtue Ethics	[20]
iii. Ubuntu and Servant Leadership	[20]
iv. The Natural Law Approach	[20]
v. Utilitarianism	[20]
vi. The Libertarian Approach	[20]
vii. African Ethics	[20]

OR

b) Family planning methods are considered right by some people and wrong by others. Make a moral assessment of their use according to:

i. Christian ethics	[20]
ii. The Natural Law approach to sexuality	[20]
iii. The libertarian approach to sexuality	[20]
iv. Your culture	[20]
v. The Feminist approach to sexuality	[20]

2. Assuming that, the Ministry of Environment of one Southern African country passed a new environmental management law stating that it is an offense for any company to dump industrial waste in the rivers. The ministry took this position because the water pollution caused, especially by the industrial waste was a health hazard to the people who depended on the water for their well-being. After the law was passed, a manufacturing company, Mwala Company (not real name) that was dumping its waste in the Rubab River chose to break the law in part because complying with the regulations was going to cut deep into the company's profit margins. In order to avoid prosecution, the CEO of the company, Mrs. Freeman (not a real name), made a secret deal with Mr. Ross, the head of the Environment and Management Agency (EMA), the body that enforces environmental laws. In this deal, the company agreed to pay Mr. Ross (not a real name) the sum of \$800.00 a month on condition that EMA overlooks the company's illegal activities. Mr. Ross is Mrs. Freeman's brother in-law. In closing the deal, the two agreed that every month

Mrs. Freeman would get \$200.00 of the \$800.00 that Mr. Ross was going to receive from the company.

- a) Identify two moral issues that are raised in the above-mentioned case study and explore their impact on the community. [25]
- b) Discuss in detail how the Bible can be used to argue that both Mr. Ross and Mrs. Freeman's actions are unethical. [25]
- c) Use one consequentialist western ethical theory to pass moral judgement on Mr. Ross's behaviour as a leader. [25]
- d) Use one non-consequentialist western ethical theory to pass moral judgement on Mrs. Freeman's behaviour as a leader. [25]
- **3.** Christian leaders are expected to practice Christian ethics based on biblical moral teachings.
 - a) With reference to specific and relevant biblical texts, examine the relevance of any Five
 (5) biblical moral teachings, to either your profession or prospective profession.
 - b) Evaluate the role of Christian ethics and ethical leadership in addressing the socioeconomic and political challenges that any one African country that you know very well is currently experiencing. [50]

-THE END-

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