



# **FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION**

## **CIS 303 NETWORKS AND COMMUNICATION**

**Date:** November 2014

**Time:** 3 hours

### **Instructions to candidates:**

- This paper consists of **six (6)** questions.
- **Answer all** questions in **section A**.
- **Answer any three** questions in **section B**.
- Where part marks are allocated to subsections of a question, the marks are enclosed in brackets [].
- Start each question on a fresh page

## **SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**

### **Question 1**

- a) Define the following terms :
  - (i) Bandwidth [3\*2]
  - (ii) Baud [6]
- b) Describe two methods of Media Access control [6]
- c) It is often said that the Internet offers a *best effort quality of service*. Explain what you understand from the term. [7]

### **Question 2**

- a) Network equipment types can be classified as *Data Terminal Equipment (DTE)*, *Data Circuit Equipment (DCE)* and *Data Switching Equipment (DSE)*. Explain each of the above. [6]
- b) Explain how available bandwidth and the signal to noise ratio for a particular transmission medium affects the maximum transmission speed. [5]
- c) What is packet switching? How does it differ from circuit switching? [4]
- d) A salesman has been given a company laptop computer. They are currently attending a conference in another country but need to access their company's network and servers. Explain how; if they have access to the Internet, they could use a VPN to gain secure access their company's network. You may assume that the company network is also connected to the Internet via a Firewall. [6]

## **SECTION B: ANSWER ANY THREE (3) QUESTIONS**

### **Question 3**

- a) Outline the basic operation of the *Open Shortest Path (OSPF)* routing protocol. [10]
- b) Why is it important for routers to know about all of the possible routes through a network topology? [4]
- c) Show, by means of a diagram, how a subnet mask can be used to extract the network identification and host identification from an IP address [6]

### **Question 4**

- a) Describe the three(3) types of digital to analogue Modulation [15]
- b) Show, by means of a diagram, the frame format used within the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN [5]

### **Question 5**

Error detection and correction is an important issue when we are moving information across network links.

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- a) Briefly describe the technique known as single bit parity checking. Include in your answer an explanation of what is meant by even parity and odd parity. [5]
- b) Describe what is meant by longitudinal parity and transverse parity and how both can be used together as an error correction technique under some circumstances. [5]
- c) In many circumstances, parity checking is inadequate and other techniques have to be used. Produce an outline of the technique known as Frame Check Sequence (FCS) or Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC). [6]
- d) Identify the circumstances when the use of Frame Check Sequence (FCS) would be more suitable than parity checking. [4]

### **Question 6**

- a) State at which layer of the OSI model the following devices operate on:
- i) Router
  - ii) Hub
  - iii) Switch
- [2\*3]**
- b) As a protocol data unit (PDU) passes in the TCP/IP layers from the application layer to the network access layer its name changes to reflect its new functions. State the PDU name for each TCP/IP layer.
- [8]**
- c) Explain the hidden Station Problem.
- [6]**

**THE END**