



**COLLEGE OF HEALTH, AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL SCIENCES**

**DEPARTMENT OF BIOMEDICAL AND MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES**

**BACHELOR OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES HONOURS DEGREE**

**NSLS 406: TRANSFUSION SCIENCE AND IMMUNOLOGY II**

**END OF SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATIONS**

**10 MAY 2021**

**LECTURER: MR M. MUTENHERWA**

**DURATION: 7 HOURS**

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### ***INSTRUCTIONS***

1. Write your candidate number on your answer sheets.
  2. Answer any **one** question of your choice from the given three questions.
  3. Each full question carries 100 marks.
  4. Submit your answer scripts as word documents.
  5. Use the following specifications in your answer scripts:  
Font: Times New Roman  
Font size: 12  
Line spacing: 2.0
  6. Credit will be given for logical, systematic and neat presentations.
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**Answer any ONE question**

1. Describe the pathogenesis of hemolytic disease of the newborn to illustrate that it is a type II hypersensitivity. [100 marks]
  
2. Select any **one** primary immunodeficiency disease and discuss its pathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis, treatment and prevention. [100 marks]
  
3. **Agi** is a 55 years old Zimbabwean white male who was accused of fathering the daughter of a single mother female artist in 2019. Table 1 below shows the ABO blood grouping test results for the **Agi** case. The results are from a Paternity Laboratory in Bulawayo.

**Table 1: ABO Test Results of the Agi Paternity Case**

	<b>Mother</b>	<b>Child</b>	<b>Agi (Alleged father)</b>
Blood types (phenotypes)	A	B	O
Possible genotypes	AO or AA	BO or BB	O/O
Child's maternal marker	-	O or A	-
Child's paternal marker	-	B	-

- a) Applying ABO blood group antigens and Mendelian genetic principles, testify that alleged father, **Agi**, could not have been the child's father. [70 marks]
- b) Explain the recommendations you would propose to the magistrate for this case to be concluded using Medical Laboratory Science? [30 marks]

**End of paper**