

$$SE_{\bar{X}} = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$P(K \leq x | n, p) = \sum_{k=0}^x \binom{n}{k} p^k q^{n-k}$$

$$S^2 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{X})^2}{n-1}$$

$$S_2^2 = \frac{\sum (x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n})}{n-1}$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$$t^2 = \frac{\bar{X} - \bar{X}_2}{S_p \sqrt{(1/n + 1/n_2)}}$$

A 100 (1- α) % confidence interval (CI) for $\mu_1 - \mu_2$ is given by:

$$(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) \pm t_{\text{crit}} \times \sqrt{\frac{s_p^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_p^2}{n_2}}$$

$$t = \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{s_p^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_p^2}{n_2}}}$$

$$z = \frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - (p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{n_1} + \frac{\bar{p}\bar{q}}{n_2}}}, \text{ Where: } \bar{p} = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

$$Z = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$$S^2_P = \frac{(n-1)S^2 + (n-1)S_2^2}{n+n^2-2}$$

$$r = \frac{n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{\sqrt{[n(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2][n(\sum y^2) - (\sum y)^2]}}$$

$$b_0 = \bar{Y} - b_1 \bar{X} \quad \chi^2 = \sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$$

$$95\% \text{ CI for a proportion} = p \pm 1.96 \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \quad \chi^2 = \sum \frac{(|O-E| - 0.5)^2}{E}$$

$$r = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{X})(y - \bar{Y})}{\sqrt{[\sum (x - \bar{X})^2 \sum (y - \bar{Y})^2]}}$$

$$t = r \frac{\sqrt{(n-2)}}{\sqrt{(1-r^2)}}$$

$$b = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{X})(y - \bar{Y})}{\sum (x - \bar{X})^2}$$

$$b_2 = \frac{\sum xy - \frac{(\sum x)(\sum y)}{n}}{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{n}}$$

$$SE_b = \frac{s}{\sqrt{\sum (x - \bar{X})^2}} \text{ where } S^2 = \frac{\sum (y - \bar{Y})^2 - b^2 \sum (x - \bar{X})^2}{n-2}$$

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$$n_1 = \frac{\left[z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{(r+1)p\bar{q}} + z_{1-\beta} \sqrt{rp_1q_1 + p_2q_2} \right]^2}{r(p_1 - p_2)^2}, \quad n_2 = r \times n_1$$

$$\text{95\% CI for OR} = e^{\ln(\text{OR}) \pm 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{d}}}$$

$$\text{95\% CI for RR} = e^{\ln(\text{RR}) \pm 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{b}{a(a+b)} + \frac{d}{c(c+d)}}}$$