

# "Investing in Africa's future" COLLEGE OF HEALTH, AGRICULTURE & NATURAL SCIENCES

# NSLS 203 HAEMATOLOGY I PRACTICAL FINAL

## END OF SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

**NOVEMBER 2019** 

LECTURER: P NAGO

**DURATION: 3 HOURS** 

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Do not write your name on the answer sheet
- 2. Use Answer Sheets Provided
- 3. Begin your answer for Each Question on a New Page
- 4. Credit is Given for Neat Presentation
- 4.5. Answer all questions in Section A and B

Commented [U1]: verify

Commented [U2]: No 3 will not apply to Section B

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#### SECTION A

a) Determine the reticulocyte count for the patient labeled R. (15marks)

# Commented [U3]: Indicate total marks for the section Commented [U4]: Number your question as 1 (a)

#### RETICULOCYTE COUNT

#### Procedure

- 1. Mix equal amounts of blood and new methylene blue stain (2-3 drops or  $50\mu$ l each), allow and allow to incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes or 10 to 15 minutes at  $35-37^0$  C. (Double the amount of blood if the patient is severely anemic)
- 2. Remix the preparation.
- 3. Prepare a wedge smear (thin smear)
- 4. In an area in which cells are close together but not touching, count 1000 red blood cells(RBCs) under oil –immersion objective lens. Reticulocytes are included in the total RBC count, noting the RBCs that are reticulocytes (count consecutive fields).
- 5. To improve the accuracy, have another laboratorian count the other smear or perform the counting process twice; the values should agree within 20%.
- Calculate the reticulocyte count: number of reticulocytes/1000 RBCs observed x100= percentage reticulocytes.
- b) What is the reticulocyte count reference range? (5marks)
- Name two major sources of error commonly encountered when performing reticulocyte count(2marks)
- d) Raised reticulocyte counts are found in/following-----(3marks)

### SECTION B SPOT QUESTIONS

- i) Comment on the blood samples labeled 1, 2 & 3 (6marks)
- ii) Identify the blood cell with a nucleaus in the peripheral blood smear labeled Fig 2 (3marks)
- iii) Identify the white blood cell in the peripheral blood smear labeled Fig 3 (3marks)
- iv) Using about 3 to 4 words, or not more than two sentences, comment on the peripheral blood film labeled Fig 4. Note: don't do the differential count (**6marks**)
- v) Identify the equipment labeled Fig 5 (2marks)
- vi) What is this instrument labeled Fig 6 used for in haematology (2marks)
- vii) What is this instrument labeled Fig 6 used for in haematology (3marks)

Commented [U5]: Indicate total marks for this section

**Commented [U6]:** Number your questions using roman numerals